Fast Reserve – Information pack

07/2020







- This document has been prepared by Terna to provide to all market parties a general overview on the new Pilot Project Fast Reserve (the so-called "Progetto Pilota Riserva Ultra-rapida").
- Whilst Terna has taken all reasonable care in preparing this document, no representation or warranty either expressed or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information that it contains and parties using information within the document should make their own enquiries as to its accuracy and suitability for the purpose for which they use it.
- To receive more details about the Pilot Project Fast Reserve, parties are invited to visit Terna's website where the whole documentation (Regulation and related Annex) has been published:

https://www.terna.it/it/sistema-elettrico/progetti-pilota-delibera-arera-300-2017-reel/progetto-pilotariserva-ultra-rapida





Fast Reserve – Main features







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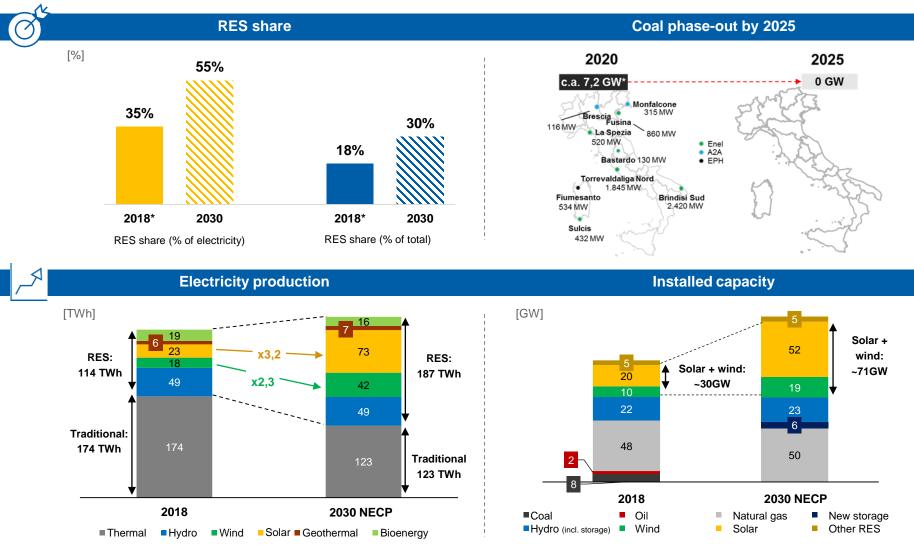


Fast Reserve – Timeline



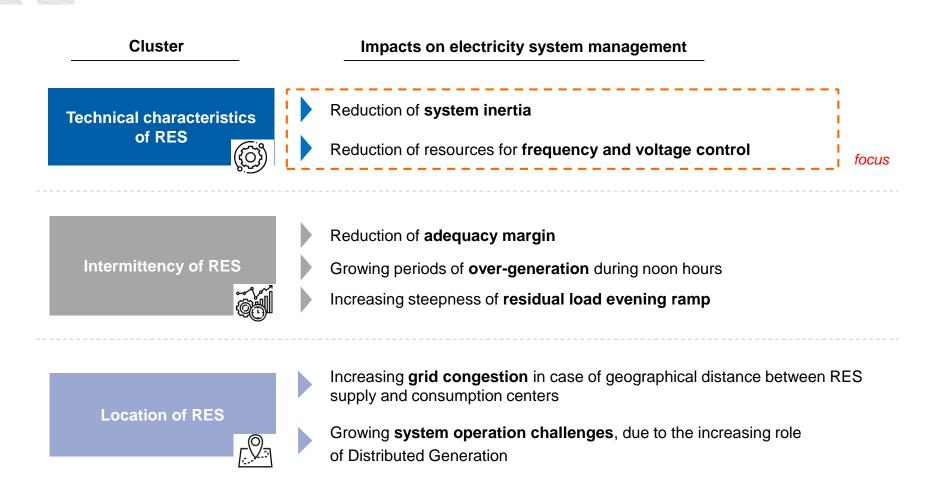
Electricity system context

Italian Energy and Climate Plan and future energy scenarios



The NECP targets a complete coal phase-out by 2025 and a significant push towards RES

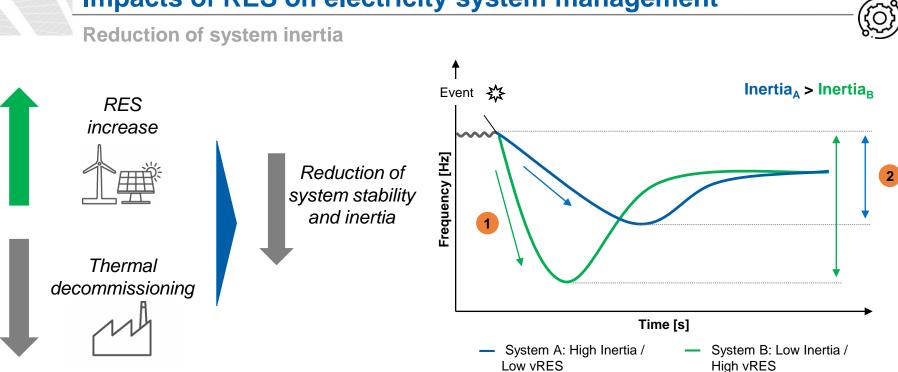
Impacts of RES on electricity system management



The increasing penetration of RES and the continuous decommissioning of conventional thermal capacity pose new challenges for TSOs.



Impacts of RES on electricity system management



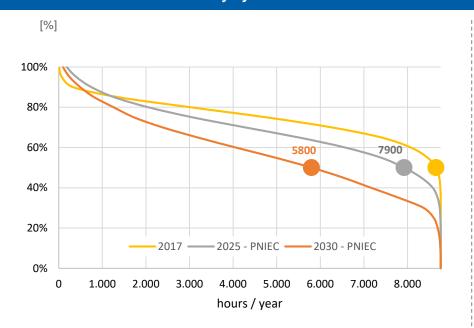
In a system characterized by lower inertia, a frequency event (for example a power loss) could lead to the following:

- The frequency drops more quickly (higher RoCoF*)
- 2 The maximum frequency offset is greater. This can cause triggering of emergency countermeasure when admissible limits are exceeded.

The higher the share of inverter-based power plants (e.g. photovoltaic generation) the lower the inertia, thus the stability of the system. This condition also determines the need to increase the flexibility and the speed of response of the system.

Evolution of electricity system

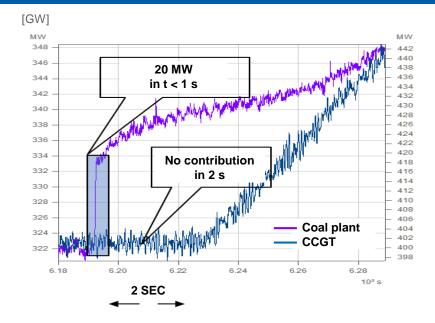
Load covered by synchronous machines and response time



Load covered by synchronous machines

Less synchronized thermal power (spinning generation) causing a decrease in system inertia

Response speed: coal-fired power plant vs CCGT



Issue is amplified by the phase-out of the traditional steam generators, e.g. coal-fired plants, considering their high response speed in the first seconds (3% of power provided almost instantly)

The future energy scenarios foresee a reduction of thermal generation and a phase-out of traditional steam generators, thus reducing the spinning generation and consequently the system inertia.





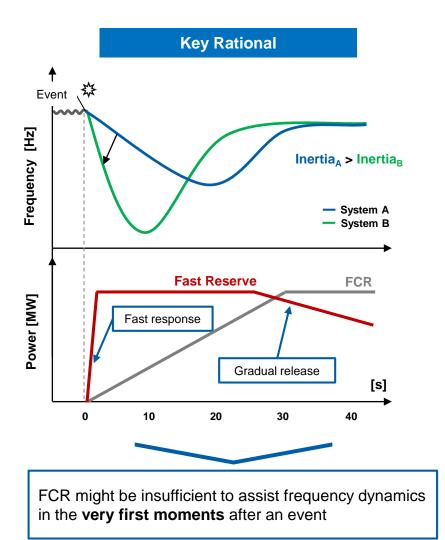
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Fast Reserve – Timeline



Rational and objective of the service



Objective and main features*

- New service to support system inertia
- Fast activation (< 1 second)</p>
- Proportional response to frequency variations and/or triggered by a setpoint with continuous operation

Possibility to be remotely activated for the Defense System

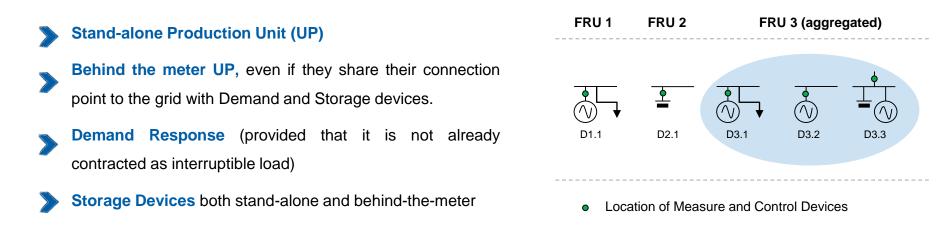
Gradual release to avoid network disturbances



Service **not replacing FCR** but coordinated with it to contribute to the dynamic frequency stability

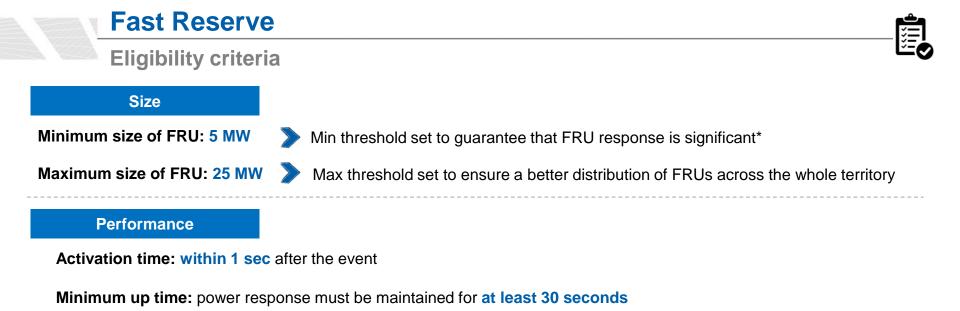
Definition of Fast Reserve Unit (FRU)

Fast Reserve is a **technology-neutral service** and can be provided by so-called "**Fast Reserve Units**" (FRUs) which can be composed of stand-alone or aggregated devices (aggregation is allowed within the same bidding zone):



FRUs are **relevant only for the provision of Fast Reserve**. Devices included in FRUs can participate to Energy and Ancillary services markets as stand-alone units or within other aggregates according to specific participation rules of these markets.

Assets that qualified for Capacity Market cannot offer the same nameplate capacity to the Fast Reserve service.



Release time: linear ramp towards zero response within 5 minutes (default value)

Energy capacity: sufficient to provide the contracted capacity for at least **15 mins** in both upward and downward direction. Energy capacity must be gradually restored after every activation.

Requested Availability: 1.000 hrs/year. Terna will communicate the requested hours in D-7 and confirms in D-2**

Measure and Verification devices

Each device in the Fast Reserve Unit must belong to the same bidding zone and **must be equipped with**:

Frequency Measure device, the so-called **PMU** (Phasor Measurement Unit)

Fast Reserve Response Verification device, the so-called UVRF

Detachment and Monitoring Peripheral device, the so-called UPDM

Procurement of the service and remuneration scheme

Procurement

- Service procured via a competitive bidding process in a descending price auction
- Price CAP: 80 k€/MW as approved by Italian NRA (ARERA) pay-as-bid scheme
- Forward contract duration: 5 years (starting from 1st of January 2023 or up to 6 months earlier if the FRU is available)
- Procurement volume per area: 100 MW (North and Centre North) + 100 MW (Sicily and residual continent) + 30 MW (Sardinia)
- The total amount assigned to a single bidder (or bidders belonging to a single corporate group) shall not exceed 40% of the procurement volume of a procurement area.



Remuneration Scheme

- Remuneration of availability: Terna remunerates the contracted capacity through an annual remuneration (€/MW/year) with 12 monthly payments.
- **Remuneration of activation**: the energy supplied to provide the service and to restore the SOC is remunerated at the **zonal day-ahead market price**.
- Revenue stacking: it is possible to participate in other markets in the hours when no availability for the Fast Reserve is requested.

Providers and guarantees

Providers

The following parties may request to participate to the Fast Reserve:

- A dispatching user (the so-called UdD)
- > A device owner

> An aggregator (the BSP) provided that a delegation to participate was granted by the dispatching user or the device owner

Guarantees

- Pre-auction guarantee: the provider must issue a guarantee equal to 5,000 €/MW by 10 days before the auction. When a contract with Terna is signed (or the FRU is not successful in the auction) this guarantees is refunded.
- Post-auction guarantee: the provider must issue a guarantee which ensures the availability of the FRU. This guarantee per each FRU is equal to:

Guarantee [€] = 0.25 * Contracted Capacity [MW] * Contracted Price [€/MW]



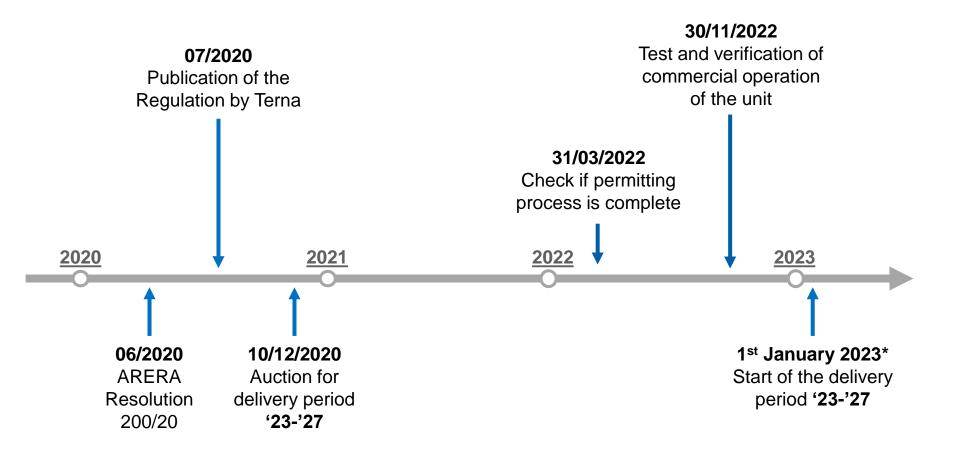


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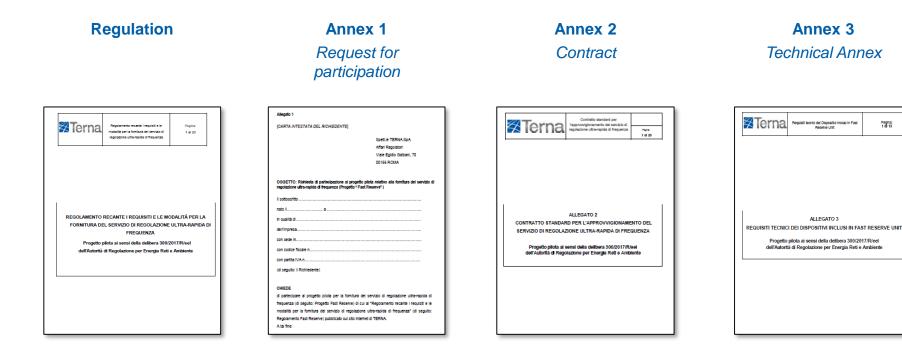






* Delivery period may start up to 6 month before the 1st January 2023 if the FRU has completed the permitting process and has passed the commercial operation tests

Regulation and Annex



«Regolamento recante i requisiti e le modalità per la fornitura del servizio di regolazione ultra-rapida di frequenza»

«Richiesta di partecipazione al servizio di regolazione ultra-rapida di frequenza»

«Contratto standard per l'approvvigionamento del servizio di regolazione ultra-rapida di frequenza»

«Requisiti tecnici dei dispositivi inclusi in fast reserve unit»

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